#### SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACT SHEET

# Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

This fact sheet contains information about the impact of alcohol and other drug use in the Norfolk, Bristol, and Middlesex Senatorial District. Admission data were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2003.

## Residents of Norfolk, Bristol, and Middlesex Senatorial District

## **Characteristics of Admissions**

In FY 2003, there were 115,896 admissions to licensed substance abuse treatment services in all of Massachusetts; 1.2% (1,424) of these admissions reside in the Norfolk, Bristol, and Middlesex Senatorial District. 4% (59) of admissions from the Norfolk, Bristol, and Middlesex Senatorial District were under 17 years of age. Please note that these statistics represent only individual admissions, and represent a figure lower than the actual number of constituents in need of treatment services. In FY 2003, admissions to all residential and outpatient substance abuse treatment services from Norfolk, Bristol, and Middlesex Senatorial District reported the following characteristics:

- 76% were male and 24% were female.
- 53% were between the ages of 21-39.
- 88% were white non-Latino, 4% were black non-Latino, 5% were Latino, and 3% were other racial categories.
- 62% were never married, 16% were married, and 21% reported not to be married now.
- 22% had less than high school education, 48% completed high school, and 30% had more than high school education.
- 42% were employed.
- 8% were homeless.
- 35% had prior mental health treatment.

#### **Primary Substance of Use**

At admission clients also identify a "primary drug" of use that is the substance for which the client is seeking treatment. Table 1 compares the proportional distribution of primary drugs in Massachusetts with that for the Norfolk, Bristol, and Middlesex Senatorial District.

Table 1 Primary Drug by District and State FY 2003									
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack				
District	63%	19%	8%	4%	2%				
State	43%	38%	6%	4%	4%				

## **Substances Used in Past Year**

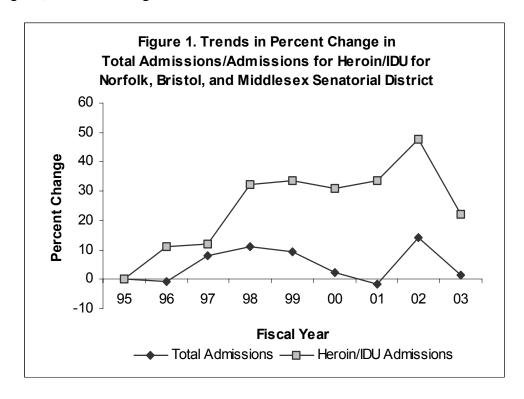
Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the past year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions frequently report using more than one substance within the year. The use of more than one psychoactive substance, such as alcohol and marijuana, is referred to as 'polydrug' or 'polysubstance' use.

Table 2 shows ALL substances which clients reported using in the year prior to admission, including the prevalence of injection drug users (IDU's), individuals who use a needle to ingest cocaine, crack, heroin or another drug to get high.

Table 2 Annual Admissions by Substance Use: FY 1995 – FY 2003											
Norfolk, Bristol, and Middlesex Senatorial District											
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU				
FY '95	1,414	1,239	413	360	179	235	160				
FY '96	1,405	1,251	464	373	173	259	180				
FY '97	1,528	1,349	472	336	152	260	183				
FY '98	1,571	1,362	456	355	149	307	216				
FY '99	1,548	1,324	495	342	127	300	227				
FY '00	1,449	1,206	472	332	141	302	215				
FY '01	1,390	1,156	434	302	141	312	216				
FY'02	1,617	1,320	466	326	141	330	254				
FY '03	1,424	1,146	409	275	121	318	219				

#### **Heroin and Injection Drug Use**

Figure 1 below shows the proportional increases in all admissions in the Norfolk, Bristol, and Middlesex Senatorial District and the proportional increase in admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use, a factor driving increases in HIV.



Prepared by: Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services, Office of Statistics and Evaluation